

Seminar on Combinatorial Computing
December 19, Wednesday, 6:30 p.m.
Room 6417, Graduate Center
365 Fifth Avenue, New York

On distinct distances among points in general position

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Abstract

A set of points in the plane is said to be in *general position* if no three of them are collinear and no four of them are cocircular. If a point set determines only distinct vectors, it is called *parallelogram free*. We show that there exists n -element point sets in the plane in general position, and parallelogram free, that determine only $O(n^2/\sqrt{\log n})$ distinct distances. This answers a question of Erdős, Hickerson and Pach.

We then turn to an old problem of Erdős : given any n points in the plane (or in d dimensions), how many of them can one select so that the distances which are determined are all distinct? — and provide (make explicit) some new bounds in one and two dimensions. Other related distance problems are also discussed.

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or visit our website
http://www.math.nyu.edu/~pach/public_html/combinatorics_seminar.html