

HW 6 Solutions

(a) Attachment

$$\frac{\# \text{ attach}}{\text{time}} = (1-u) n_0 \int_{x_0}^A \alpha_0 dx$$

$$= (1-u) n_0 \alpha_0 (A - x_0)$$

(b) Detachment

$$\frac{\# \text{ detach}}{\text{time}} = \beta n_0 \int_{x_0}^A e^{x/A} u(x) dx$$

(c) Sliding speed v :

$$\frac{\# \text{ sliding}}{\text{time}} = v n_0 u(x_0)$$

(d) Integral eqn.

Attach = Detach + Sliding

$$(1-u) n_0 \alpha_0 (A - x_0) = \beta n_0 \int_{x_0}^A e^{x/A} u(x) dx + v n_0 u(x_0)$$

Differentiate to get ODE

$$-(1-u) n_0 \alpha_0 = -\beta n_0 e^{x_0/A} u(x_0) + v n_0 u'(x_0)$$

(e) Special case $v=0$:

$$-(1-u) n_0 \alpha_0 = -\beta n_0 e^{x/A} u(x)$$

$$u(x) = \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0}{\beta} e^{-x/A}$$

NOT done yet! still need to get $u = \int_{-A}^A u(x) dx$

$$\int_{-A}^A u(x) dx = \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0}{\beta} \int_{-A}^A e^{-x/A} dx$$

$$u = \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0}{\beta} \left[-A e^{-x/A} \Big|_{-A}^A \right] = \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 A (e - e^{-1})}{\beta}$$

Solve for u : $u \left(1 + \frac{\alpha_0 A}{\beta} (e - e^{-1}) \right) = \frac{\alpha_0 A (e - e^{-1})}{\beta}$

$$u = \frac{\alpha_0 A (e - e^{-1})}{\beta} \left(1 + \frac{\alpha_0 A}{\beta} (e - e^{-1}) \right)^{-1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (f) \quad P &= n_0 \int_{-A}^A u(k) p(x) dx \\
 &= \int_{-A}^A \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} e^{-x/A} (e^{kx/A} - 1) dx \\
 &= \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} \int_{-A}^A e^{(k-1)x/A} - e^{-x/A} dx \\
 &= \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} \left(\frac{A}{k-1} e^{(k-1)x/A} - A e^{-x/A} \right) \Big|_{-A}^A \\
 &= \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} \left(\frac{A}{k-1} (e^{k-1} - e^{1-k}) + A (e^{-1} - e) \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

(g) if $k=2$, we get

$$P = \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} (e^1 - e^{-1} + (e^{-1} - e)) = 0$$

while if $k=3$

$$\begin{aligned}
 P &= \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} \left(\frac{1}{2} (e^2 - e^{-2}) + (e^{-1} - e) \right) \\
 &= \frac{(1-u) \alpha_0 p_0 n_0}{\beta} (1.27) > 0.
 \end{aligned}$$

So $k=3$ is minimum positive integer.