

1. Show that if $\vec{u} + \vec{v}$ and $\vec{u} - \vec{v}$ are orthogonal, then $|\vec{u}| = |\vec{v}|$
2. Find a unit vector that makes an angle of $\frac{\pi}{3}$ with $\vec{v} = \langle 1, \sqrt{3}, -2\sqrt{3} \rangle$ and perpendicular to $\vec{k} = \langle 0, 0, 1 \rangle$.
3. $\vec{u} \cdot \vec{v} = \sqrt{3}$ and $\vec{u} \times \vec{v} = \langle 1, 2, 2 \rangle$. Compute the angle between \vec{u} and \vec{v} .
4. Find the distance from $(1, 2, 4)$ to the plane $3x + 2y + z - 5 = 0$
5. Find an equation of the plane passing through $(0, 2, 4)$, $(1, -3, 2)$ and $(-3, -2, 1)$