## Homework II Second-Half

Due in class June 06 2017

0. Read The Following Sections:

Chapter 6. Differentiation: Section 6.10 Exponential Function, 6.11 Logarithmic Function

Chapter 7. Derivatives in Use: Section 7.1 Implicit Differentiation, 7.2 Economic Examples, 7.3 Differentiating the Inverse

- 1. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = e^{x^3 + 2x^2}$
- 2. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = \ln(e^{2x} + 1)$
- 3. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = 3^{x+1} \ln(x-1)$
- 4. Find the derivative of  $f(x) = x^4 e^{-2x}$
- 5. Find all the intervals on which  $f(x) = e^{-x^2}$  is decreasing and convex.
- 6. Use logarithmic differentiation to find  $\frac{f'(x)}{f(x)}$  where  $f(x) = (\frac{x+1}{x-1})^{\frac{1}{3}}$  and x > 1
- 7. Use logarithmic differentiation to find the derivative of  $f(x) = (x^2+1)^x$
- 8. Consider the equation 2xy 3y<sup>2</sup> = 9, assume y is a function of x.
  (a). Find the equation of the tangent line to the curve of the equation at (x, y) = (6, 1)
  (b). Compute y"
- 9.  $f(x) = x^5 + x^3 + 2x + 1$ .
  - (a). Show that f has inverse function.
  - (b). If g is the inverse function of f, compute g'(1)